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Safety Data Sheet acc. to OSHA HCS

Printing date 09/22/2021

Reviewed on 09/07/2021

Identification	
Product identifi	er
Trade name: Of	palescence TM Boost (mixed)
	SDS 199-001.17, 34567, 71087, 15083, 1008067 he substance / the mixture Professional Dental In-Office Tooth Bleaching Gel
Manufacturer/S Ultradent Produ 505 W. Ultraden South Jordan, U USA	ets Inc. ht Drive (10200 S)
Emergency telep CHEMTREC (N	partment: Customer Service phone number: ORTH AMERICA) :(800) 424-9300 TERNATIONAL) : +(703) 527-3887
Hazard(s) ide	ntification
Classification of	f the substance or mixture
GHSU	25 Corrosion
Skin Corr. 1A H	1314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	1318 Causes serious eye damage.
	1227 Combustible liquid.
Label elements GHS label elem Hazard pictogra Signal word Da	ams GHS05 nger
GHS label elem Hazard pictogra Signal word Dat Health Hazard- Hydrogen Perox Trade Secret Hazard statemet	a ms GHS05 nger determining components of labeling: ide nts
GHS label elem Hazard pictogra Signal word Da Health Hazard- Hydrogen Perox Trade Secret Hazard stateme Combustible liqu	a ms GHS05 nger determining components of labeling: ide nts uid.
GHS label elem Hazard pictogra Signal word Da Health Hazard- Hydrogen Perox Trade Secret Hazard stateme Combustible liqu Causes severe sh Precautionary s	ams GHS05 nger determining components of labeling: ride nts uid. kin burns and eye damage. tatements
GHS label elem Hazard pictogra Signal word Da Health Hazard- Hydrogen Perox Trade Secret Hazard stateme Combustible liqu Causes severe sh Precautionary s P210	ams GHS05 nger determining components of labeling: ride nts uid. r
GHS label elem Hazard pictogra Signal word Da Health Hazard- Hydrogen Perox Trade Secret Hazard statemer Combustible liqu Causes severe sh Precautionary s P210 P260	ams GHS05 nger determining components of labeling: tide nts uid. tid.
GHS label elem Hazard pictogra Signal word Da Health Hazard- Hydrogen Perox Trade Secret Hazard statemer Combustible liqu Causes severe sh Precautionary s P210 P260 P264	ams GHS05 nger determining components of labeling: ride nts tid.
GHS label elem Hazard pictogra Signal word Da Health Hazard- Hydrogen Perox Trade Secret Hazard stateme Combustible liqu Causes severe sh Precautionary s P210 P260 P264 P280	ams GHS05 nger determining components of labeling: tide nts uid. tid.
GHS label elem Hazard pictogra Signal word Da Health Hazard- Hydrogen Perox Trade Secret Hazard stateme Combustible liqu Causes severe sh Precautionary s P210 P260 P264 P280 P301+P330+P3	ams GHS05 nger determining components of labeling: ride nts tid. tid. tid. tin burns and eye damage. tatements Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. – No smoking. Do not breathe dusts or mists. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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P305+P351+P33	38 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present
	and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a poison center/doctor.
P321	Specific treatment (see on this label).
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use for extinction: CO2, powder or water spray.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international
	regulations.

· Classification system:

· NFPA ratings (scale 0 - 4)



· HMIS-ratings (scale 0 - 4)

HEALTH3Health = 3FIRE2Fire = 2REACTIVITY0

3 Composition/information on ingredients

• Chemical characterization: Mixtures

• Description: Mixture of the substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerou	s components:	
7722-84-1	Hydrogen Peroxide	≥35-<50%
	� Ox. Liq. 1, H271; � Skin Corr. 1A, H314; � Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H332	
56-81-5	Glycerin	>10- ≤ 25%
	<i>Eye Irrit. 2B, H320</i>	
	Synthetic Amorphous, Pyrogenic Silica	1-10%
7757-79-1	Potassium Nitrate	≥1-<10%
	𝔹 Ox. Sol. 2, H272; ↔ Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2A, H319; STOT SE 3, H335- H336	
	Trade Secret	≥2-<5%
	Skin Corr. 1A, H314; () Acute Tox. 4, H302	_
7681-49-4	Sodium Fluoride	≥1-<10%
	♦ Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 2, H310; (1) Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2A, H319	

4 First-aid measures

• Description of first aid measures

- · General information: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.
- After inhalation:
- Seek medical treatment in case of complaints.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

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• After skin contact:

If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

· After eye contact:

Seek immediate medical advice.

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

• *After swallowing:* Drink copious amounts of water and provide fresh air. Immediately call a doctor.

· Information for doctor:

• *Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed* No further relevant information available.

· Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

5 Fire-fighting measures

· Extinguishing media

• Suitable extinguishing agents: Water spray

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In closed unventilated containers, risk of rupture due to the increased pressure from decomposition. Contact with combustible material may cause fire.

During heating or in case of fire poisonous gases are produced.

· Advice for firefighters

Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and protect personnel. Move containers from fire area if there isn't any risk.

• Protective equipment:

Wear fully protective suit.

Mouth respiratory protective device.

6 Accidental release measures

 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep people at a distance and stay on the windward side. Keep away from ignition sources Mount respiratory protective device.
 Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
 Environmental precautions: Dilute with plenty of water. Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

• Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Hydrogen Peroxide may be decomposed by adding sodium metabisulfite or sodium sulfite after diluting to about 5%.

Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk.

Combustible materials exposed to hydrogen peroxide should be immediately submerged in or rinsed with large amounts of water to ensure that all hydrogen peroxide is removed. Residual hydrogen peroxide that is allowed to dry (upon evaporation hydrogen peroxide can concentrate) on organic materials such as paper, fabrics, cotton, leather, wood or other combustibles can cause the material to ignite and result in fire. Dilute with plenty water.

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust). Use neutralizing agent.

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

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See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment. See Section 13 for disposal information.

7 Handling and storage

· Handling:

· Precautions for safe handling

Safety glasses should be used by the patient and doctor. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166 (EN). Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

· Information about protection against explosions and fires:

Combustible materials exposed to hydrogen peroxide should be immediately submerged in or rinsed with large amounts of water to ensure that all hydrogen peroxide is removed. Residual hydrogen peroxide that is allowed to dry (upon evaporation hydrogen peroxide can concentrate) on organic materials such as paper, fabrics, cotton, leather, wood or other combustibles can cause the material to ignite and result in fire.

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Keep respiratory protective device available.

• Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- · Storage:
- **Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:** Suitable material for receptacles and pipes: Stainless steel.

Suitable material for receptacles and pipes: glass. Suitable material for receptacles and pipes: Aluminium. Store only in the original receptacle. Provide ventilation for receptacles. Information about storage in one common storage facility:

- Store away from reducing agents. Store away from combustible materials. Store away from metals.
- Further information about storage conditions: Store receptacle in a well ventilated area.
 Store in a cool place.
 See product labelling.
 Keep receptacle tightly sealed.
 Specific end use(s) Professional Dental In-Office Tooth Bleaching Gel

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

• Additional information about design of technical systems: No further data; see item 7.

· Control parameters

- · Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:
- The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit.

At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

7722-8	7722-84-1 Hydrogen Peroxide		
	Long-term value: 1.4 mg/m ³ , 1 ppm		
REL	Long-term value: 1.4 mg/m ³ , 1 ppm		
TLV	Long-term value: 1.4 mg/m ³ , 1 ppm		
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56-81-5	Glycerin
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PEL Long-term value: 15* 5** mg/m³

mist; *total dust **respirable fraction

TLV TLV withdrawn-insufficient data human occup. exp.

Synthetic Amorphous, Pyrogenic Silica

ACGIH Short-term value: 10* 3 mg/m³

Trade Secret

REL Ceiling limit value: 2 mg/m³

TLV Ceiling limit value: 2 mg/m³

• Additional information: The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis.

· Exposure controls

• Personal protective equipment:

• General protective and hygienic measures:

Do not eat or drink while working.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Avoid contact with the eyes. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

• Breathing equipment:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use respiratory protective device that is independent of circulating air.

· Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material is based on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

• Material of gloves

The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact breakthrough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

• Eye protection:

Use chemical splash goggles and face shield (ANSI Z87.1 or approved equivalent)



Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection: Protective work clothing

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Information on basic physical and	chemical properties	
General Information		
Appearance:		
Form: Color:	Gel Red	
Odor:	Neu Odorless	
Odor threshold:	Not determined.	
pH-value at 20 °C:	6-8.5	
Change in condition	0.0.0	
Melting point/Melting range:	Undetermined.	
Boiling point/Boiling range:	$100 \ ^{\circ}C$	
Flash point:	>65 °C	
Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not applicable.	
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.	
Auto igniting:	Product is not selfigniting.	
Danger of explosion:	Not determined.	
	Not determined.	
Explosion limits: Lower:	Not determined.	
Upper:	Not determined.	
Vapor pressure:	Not determined.	
Density at 20 °C:	1.2-1.4 g/cm ³	
Relative density	Not determined	
Vapor density	Not determined.	
Evaporation rate	Not determined.	
Solubility in / Miscibility with		
Water:	Fully miscible.	
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/wat	t er): Not determined.	
Viscosity:		
Dynamic:	Not determined.	
Kinematic:	Not determined	
Solvent content:	< 15.0/	
Organic solvents:	<15 % <50 %	
Water: VOC content:	<50 % 0.00 %	
v o content:	0.00 % 0.0 g/l / 0.00 lb/gal	
VOC (EC)	0.00 %	
Solids content:	<20.0 %	
Other information	No further relevant information available.	

10 Stability and reactivity

· Reactivity No further relevant information available.

· Chemical stability Stable under recommended conditions.

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· Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Contact with metals, metallic ions, alkalis, reducing agents and organic matter (such as alcohols or terpenes) may produce self-accelerated thermal decomposition.	
Reacts with various metals.	
Reacts with organic substances.	
· Conditions to avoid	
pH Variations	
UV rays	
Contamination	
· Incompatible materials:	
Heavy Metals	
Reducing Agents	
Combustible Materials	
Alkalis	
Organic materials	
· Hazardous decomposition products: Oxygen	

11 Toxicological information

· Information on toxicological effects

• Acute toxicity:

ATE (Acu	te Toxicity Estimate)	
Oral	LD50	874 mg/kg
Dermal	LD50	15,432 mg/kg
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	27.5 mg/l
7722-84-1	Hydrogen Peroxide	
Oral	LC50 Fish	16.4 mg/l (Fish)
56-81-5 G	lycerin	
Oral	LD50	7,750 mg/kg (Guinea pig)
		4,100 mg/kg (mouse)
		5,570 mg/kg (rat)
		27,000 mg/kg (rabbit)
	LC50 Fish	>5,000 mg/l (Fish)
Dermal	LD50	>21,900 mg/kg (rat)
		10,000 mg/kg (rabbit)
Synthetic .	Amorphous, Pyrogenic S	Silica
Oral	LD50	>5,000 mg/kg (rat) (Oral Test Method)
	LC50 Fish	>10,000 mg/l (Fish) (Toxicity to fish)
Dermal	LD50	>2,000 mg/kg (rabbit) (Dermal test method)
	LC50(Daphnia magna)	>1,000-10,000 mg/l (daphnia) (Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates)
7757-79-1	Potassium Nitrate	
Oral	LD50	3,015 mg/kg (rat)
		1,901 mg/kg (rabbit)
	LC50 Fish	1,378 mg/l (Fish)

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Dermal		(Contd. of page 7)
Dermal	LD50	>5,000 mg/kg (rat)
	LC50(Daphnia magna)	490 mg/l (daphnia)
Trade Se	cret	
Oral	LD50	214 mg/kg (rat)
	LC50 Fish	80 mg/l (Fish)
7681-49-	4 Sodium Fluoride	
Oral	LD50	52 mg/kg (mouse)
	LC50 Fish (static)	17 mg/l (Fish)
Dermal	LD50	175 mg/kg (rat)
	ritant with the danger of st tion: No sensitizing effects	
Additiona The produ Corrosive Irritant Swallowin and stoma	al toxicological informati uct shows the following do e ng will lead to a strong ca ach.	
Additiona The produ Corrosive Irritant Swallowin and stoma Carcinog	al toxicological informati uct shows the following do e ng will lead to a strong ca ach. renic categories	on: angers according to internally approved calculation methods for preparations: austic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of esophagus
Additiona The produ Corrosive Irritant Swallowin and stoma Carcinog IARC (In	al toxicological informati uct shows the following do e ng will lead to a strong ca ach.	on: angers according to internally approved calculation methods for preparations: austic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of esophagus
Additiona The produce Corrosive Irritant Swallowin and stoma Carcinog IARC (In 7722-84-	al toxicological informati uct shows the following da e ng will lead to a strong ca ach. tenic categories ternational Agency for R	on: angers according to internally approved calculation methods for preparations: austic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of esophagus Research on Cancer)
Additiona The produ Corrosive Irritant Swallowin and stoma Carcinog IARC (In 7722-84- 7681-49-	al toxicological information uct shows the following date ang will lead to a strong ca ach. tenic categories ternational Agency for R 1 Hydrogen Peroxide	<i>Ton:</i> angers according to internally approved calculation methods for preparations: austic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of esophagus Research on Cancer)
Additiona The produ Corrosive Irritant Swallowin and stoma Carcinog IARC (In 7722-84- 7681-49- 9003-01-	al toxicological information uct shows the following do e ng will lead to a strong ca ach. ternic categories ternational Agency for R 1 Hydrogen Peroxide 4 Sodium Fluoride	initial constraints internally approved calculation methods for preparations: nustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of esophagus Pesearch on Cancer) 3 3 3 3 3
Additiona The produ Corrosive Irritant Swallowin and stoma Carcinog IARC (In 7722-84- 7681-49- 9003-01- NTP (Na	al toxicological information act shows the following do e ach. ach. aternational Agency for R I Hydrogen Peroxide 4 Sodium Fluoride 4 Polyacrylic Acid	in internal inter
Additiona The produ Corrosive Irritant Swallowin and stoma Carcinog IARC (In 7722-84- 7681-49- 9003-01- NTP (Na None of th	al toxicological information uct shows the following do e ach. ternic categories ternational Agency for R 1 Hydrogen Peroxide 4 Sodium Fluoride 4 Polyacrylic Acid tional Toxicology Progra	ion: angers according to internally approved calculation methods for preparations: austic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of esophagus Research on Cancer) 3 3 3 am) 3

12 Ecological information

· Toxicity

· Aquatic toxicity:		
7722-84-1 Hydrogen Peroxide		
EC50	1.38 mg/l (Algae)	
	2.4 mg/l (daphnia)	
56-81-5 Glycerin		
EC50	>10,000 mg/kg (Bacteria)	
7681-49-4 Sodium Fli	uoride	
EC50	272 mg/kg (Algae)	
	98 mg/kg (daphnia)	
Algae Toxicity (static)	7 mg/l (Algae)	
· Persistence and degra	dability No further relevant information available.	
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- · Behavior in environmental systems:
- · Bioaccumulative potential May be accumulated in organism
- *Mobility in soil* No further relevant information available.
- Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:
- Water hazard class 1 (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water
- Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Must not reach bodies of water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralized.
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT:** Not applicable.
- **vPvB:** Not applicable.
- Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

13 Disposal considerations

· Waste treatment methods

· Recommendation:

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

- · Uncleaned packagings:
- *Recommendation:* Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- Recommended cleansing agent: Water, if necessary with cleansing agents.

· UN-Number	
· DOT, IMDG, IATA	UN3264
· UN proper shipping name	
DOT	Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Hydrogen peroxide stabilized, Glycerin)
IMDG, IATA	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S (HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, STABILIZED, Glycerin)
Transport hazard class(es)	
DOT	
CORROSIVE 8	
· Class	8 Corrosive substances
Label	8
IMDG, IATA	
· Class	8 Corrosive substances
· Label	8

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Packing group	
DOT, IMDG, IATA	II
Environmental hazards:	Not Applicable.
Special precautions for user	Warning: Corrosive substances
Hazard identification number (Kemler	code): 80
EMS Number:	F-A,S-B
Segregation groups	Acids
Stowage Category	В
Stowage Code	SW2 Clear of living quarters.
Transport in bulk according to Annex 1	II of
MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	Not Applicable.
Transport/Additional information:	
DOT	
Quantity limitations	On passenger aircraft/rail: 1 L
	On cargo aircraft only: 30 L
IMDG	
Limited quantities (LQ)	1L
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E2
· · · · · ·	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml
	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml
UN "Model Regulation":	UN 3264 CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.
	(HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTIO)
	STABILIZED, GLYCERIN), 8, II

15 Regulatory information

• Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture No further relevant information available.

(artramaly harardous substances).	
· · · ·	
Potassium Nitrate	
ic Substances Control Act):	
Hydrogen Peroxide	ACTIV
Glycerin	ACTIV
Potassium Nitrate	ACTIV
Trade Secret	ACTIV
Sodium Fluoride	ACTIV
Air Pollutants	
ingredients is listed.	
65	
known to cause cancer:	
ingredients is listed.	
	(Contd. on page
	5 (extremely hazardous substances): Hydrogen Peroxide 3 (Specific toxic chemical listings): Potassium Nitrate cic Substances Control Act): Hydrogen Peroxide Glycerin Potassium Nitrate Trade Secret Sodium Fluoride Air Pollutants e ingredients is listed. a 65 known to cause cancer: e ingredients is listed.

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A3

A4

• Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Carcinogenic categories

· EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· ACGIH Carcinogenicity (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

7722-84-1 Hydrogen Peroxide

7681-49-4 Sodium Fluoride

· NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

None of the ingredients is listed.

Chemical safety assessment:

Product contains high levels of hydrogen peroxide, which has a known toxicological profile. Product is only to be used by licensed dental professionals using the specified engineering controls.

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

- · Department issuing SDS: Environmental, Health, and Safety
- · Contact: Customer Service
- · Date of preparation / last revision 09/22/2021 / -

• Abbreviations and acronyms:

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods DOT: US Department of Transportation IATA: International Air Transport Association EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA) HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA) VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health TLV: Threshold Limit Value PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit REL: Recommended Exposure Limit Flam. Liq. 4: Flammable liquids – Category 4 Ox. Liq. 1: Oxidizing liquids - Category 1 Ox. Sol. 2: Oxidizing solids – Category 2 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity - Category 4 Acute Tox. 2: Acute toxicity – Category 2 Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 1A Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2 Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2A: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2A Eye Irrit. 2B: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2B STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3